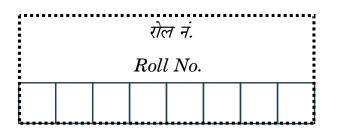


Series R3PQS/3



नोट / NOTE :

प्रश्न-पत्र कोड 66/3/3 *Q.P. Code* 66/3/3 परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के

SET~3

पराक्षाया प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिको क मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें । Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- (i) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 27 हैं ।
 Please check that this question paper contains 27 printed pages.
- (ii) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्रश्न हैं।

Please check that this question paper contains 34 questions.

(iii) प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।

Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.

(iv) कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।

Please write down the serial number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.

(v) इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे ।

15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.





BUSINESS STUDIES

अधिकतम अंक : 80 Maximum Marks : 80

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निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे

Time allowed : 3 hours

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सामान्य निर्देशः

निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को बहुत सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका सख़्ती से पालन कीजिए :

- (i) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्रश्न हैं । सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं ।
- (ii) प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक उनके सामने अंकित हैं ।
- (iii) उत्तर संक्षिप्त तथा बिंदुवार होने चाहिए ।
- (iv) 3 अंकों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर 50 से 75 शब्दों में लिखे जाने चाहिए।
- (v) 4 अंकों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 150 शब्दों में लिखे जाने चाहिए ।
- (vi) 6 अंकों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 200 शब्दों में लिखे जाने चाहिए।
- (vii) प्रत्येक प्रश्न के सभी भागों के उत्तर एक साथ लिखे जाने चाहिए ।

प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 20 तक बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न (MCQ) हैं, जिनमें प्रत्येक का 1 अंक है । 20×1=20

 'हर्षिता पर्लस' जहाँ एक ओर अपने कर्मचारियों को अभिप्रेरित करने के लिए वेतन वृद्धि, पदोन्नति, पहचान आदि से पुरस्कृत करती है, वहीं दूसरी ओर कर्मचारियों को एक वांछित तरीके से कार्य के प्रति प्रेरित करने के लिए वेतन-वृद्धि को रोकना, सज़ा देना, धमकी देने आदि का भी प्रयोग करती है।

उपर्युक्त स्थिति में अभिप्रेरणा की किस विशेषता पर प्रकाश डाला गया है ?

- (A) अभिप्रेरणा एक जटिल प्रक्रिया है।
- (B) अभिप्रेरणा एक आंतरिक अनुभव है।
- (C) अभिप्रेरणा या तो सकारात्मक या नकारात्मक हो सकती है।
- (D) अभिप्रेरणा एक लक्ष्य-आधारित व्यवहार को जन्म देती है।
- 2. 'बोनफास्ट सीमेंट लिमिटेड' 7 गाँवों को घरों की सुविधा, विद्यालय, सुरक्षित पेयजल, स्वास्थ्य तथा स्वच्छता में सहयोग करती है । सहायता प्रदान करने तथा यह देखने के लिए कि प्रदान की गई सुविधाएँ धरातल पर कार्यान्वित हो रही हैं अथवा नहीं, कम्पनी अपने कर्मचारियों को हर 15 दिनों में पास के एक गाँव में भेजती है । जिस उद्देश्य को 'बोनफास्ट सीमेंट लिमिटेड' प्राप्त करने का प्रयास कर रही है, वह है :

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- (A) व्यक्तिगत उद्देश्य
- (B) सामाजिक उद्देश्य
- (C) संगठनात्मक उद्देश्य
- (D) आर्थिक उद्देश्य

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General Instructions :

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them :

- (i) This question paper contains **34** questions. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
- (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Answers should be brief and to the point.
- (iv) Answers to questions carrying **3** marks may be from 50 to 75 words.
- (v) Answers to questions carrying **4** marks may be in about 150 words.
- (vi) Answers to questions carrying **6** marks may be in about 200 words.
- (vii) Attempt all parts of a question together.

Questions no. 1 to 20 are Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs), carrying 1 mark each. 20×1=20

1. To motivate its employees on one side, 'Harshita Pearls' rewards them with increase in pay, promotion, recognition, etc. whereas on the other side it stops increments, gives punishment, threatens employees so that they may act in a desired manner.

Which feature of motivation is being highlighted in the above case ?

- (A) Motivation is a complex process.
- (B) Motivation is an internal feeling.
- (C) Motivation can be either positive or negative.
- (D) Motivation produces goal-directed behaviour.
- 2. 'Bonfast Cement Ltd.' supports 7 villages with housing facilities, schools, safe drinking water, health and hygiene. The company sends its employees to visit a nearby village every 15 days to provide support and to see whether the facilities provided are being implemented on ground. The objective which 'Bonfast Cement Ltd.' is trying to achieve is :
 - (A) Personal objective
 - (B) Social objective
 - (C) Organizational objective
 - (D) Economic objective

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- **3.** 'मास्लो का आवश्यकता अनुक्रम सिद्धान्त' कुछ संकल्पनाओं पर आधारित है । इन संकल्पनाओं के सम्बन्ध में *ग़लत* कथन को पहचानिए :
 - (A) व्यक्तियों का व्यवहार उनकी आवश्यकताओं पर निर्भर करता है।
 - (B) एक आवश्यकता की संतुष्टि होते ही उस व्यक्ति को वह और प्रेरित नहीं कर सकती है।
 - (C) आधारभूत आवश्यकताओं से प्रारम्भ होकर अन्य उच्च स्तरीय आवश्यकताओं तक लोगों की आवश्यकताएँ एक क्रम शृंखला में होती हैं।
 - (D) एक व्यक्ति केवल तभी निम्न स्तरीय आवश्यकताओं की ओर बढ़ता है जब एक उच्च स्तरीय आवश्यकता की संतुष्टि हो जाती है ।
- 4. ______ का सम्बन्ध उन कार्यों की रूपरेखा तैयार करना है जिसमें विविध प्रकार के कार्य तत्त्व सम्मिलित हैं, उच्च स्तरीय ज्ञान तथा कौशल की आवश्यकता है, जो कर्मचारियों को अधिक स्वायत्तता देती है तथा व्यक्तिगत विकास के लिए उत्तरदायित्व सौंपती है ताकि वे अर्थपूर्ण कार्य अनुभव प्राप्त कर सकें ।
 - (A) पद सुरक्षा
 - (B) अनुलाभ
 - (C) कर्मचारियों को पहचान देने संबंधित कार्यक्रम
 - (D) पद संवर्धन
- 5. निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए : अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R)। नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :
 - अभिकथन (A) : जब विनियोजन कार्य का निष्पादन सही ढंग से होता है तो दुर्लभ संसाधनों का आबंटन उन फर्मों को होता है जो अर्थव्यवस्था के लिए उच्चतम उत्पादकता रखते हैं।
 - कारण (R) : विनियोजन कार्य निधियों को उनके सर्वाधिक उत्पादक निवेश अवसरों में विनियोजित या प्रवर्तित करते हैं।
 - (A) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सत्य हैं तथा कारण (R), अभिकथन (A) की सही व्याख्या है ।
 - (B) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सत्य हैं, परन्तु कारण (R), अभिकथन (A) की सही व्याख्या *नहीं* है ।
 - (C) अभिकथन (A) सत्य है, परन्तु कारण (R) असत्य है।
 - (D) अभिकथन (A) असत्य है, परन्तु कारण (R) सत्य है।

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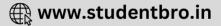
- **3.** 'Maslow's Need Hierarchy theory' is based on certain assumptions. Identify the *incorrect* statement with respect to these assumptions :
 - (A) People's behaviour is based on their needs.
 - (B) A satisfied need can no longer motivate a person.
 - (C) People's needs are in a hierarchical order, starting from basic needs to higher level needs.
 - (D) A person moves to lower level of need only when a higher level need is satisfied.
- 4. ______ is concerned with designing jobs that include greater variety of work content, require higher level of knowledge and skill, and give workers more autonomy and providing them opportunity for personal growth and a meaningful work experience.
 - (A) Job security
 - (B) Perquisites
 - (C) Employee recognition programme
 - (D) Job enrichment
- **5.** Read the following statements : Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct alternative from the options given below :
 - Assertion (A): When the allocative function is performed well, scarce resources are allocated to those firms which have the highest productivity for the economy.
 - Reason(R): Allocative function allocates or directs funds into their most productive investment opportunity.
 - (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is *not* the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (C) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
 - (D) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

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______ में प्रतिभूतियों का एक खाता खोला जा सकता है, सभी अंशों को इसमें जमा कराया जा सकता है । किसी भी समय इन्हें निकाला/बेचा जा सकता है तथा निवेशक की ओर से अंशों के वितरण अथवा उन्हें प्राप्त करने सम्बन्धी सूचना दी जा सकती है ।

- (A) प्राथमिक बाज़ार
 (B) शेयर बाज़ार

 (C) बैंक
 (D) निक्षेपागार
- 7. कॉलम I में दिए गए प्रबन्ध के स्तरों का कॉलम II में दिए गए प्रत्येक स्तर पर निष्पादित किए जाने वाले कार्यों से मिलान कीजिए :

	कॉलम I		कॉलम II
1.	उच्च स्तरीय प्रबंध	(i)	ये कार्यबल के प्रयासों की प्रत्यक्ष देखरेख करते हैं ।
2.	मध्य स्तरीय प्रबंध	(ii)	ये यह सुनिश्चित करते हैं कि इनके विभाग में पर्याप्त संख्या में कर्मचारी हैं।
3.	प्रचालन प्रबंध	(iii)	ये संगठन के कल्याण एवं निरंतरता के लिए उत्तरदायी होते हैं।

निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :

- (A) 1-(i), 2-(ii), 3-(iii)
- (B) 1-(iii), 2-(ii), 3-(i)
- (C) 1-(iii), 2-(i), 3-(ii)
- (D) 1-(ii), 2-(iii), 3-(i)

8. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन वित्तीय नियोजन के महत्त्व पर प्रकाश *नहीं* डाल रहा है :

- (A) यह विभिन्न व्यावसायिक परिस्थितियों में क्या घटित हो सकता है का पूर्वानुमान लगाने में सहायता करता है ।
- (B) यह व्यावसायिक आकस्मिक परेशानियों तथा विस्मयों से बचने में सहायता करता है तथा कम्पनी के भविष्य निर्माण में भी सहायक होता है।
- (C) यह अनवरत आधार पर निवेश तथा वित्तीय निर्णयों में सम्पर्क स्थापित करता है।
- (D) वित्तीय नियोजन में कार्य की विस्तृत योजना तैयार करके अपव्यय, क्रियाओं की पुनरावृत्ति तथा नियोजन के अंतराल में वृद्धि होती है।

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- 6. In the ______ a securities account can be opened, all shares can be deposited in it. These can be withdrawn / sold at any time and instruction to deliver or receive shares on behalf of the investor can be given.
 - (A) Primary market (B) Stock exchange
 - (C) Bank (D) Depository
- 7. Match the Levels of Management given in Column I with the functions performed at each level given in Column II :

	Column I		Column II
1.	Top Level Management	(i)	They directly oversee the efforts of the workforce.
2.	Middle Level Management	(ii)	They ensure that their department has the necessary personnel.
3.	Operational Management	(iii)	They are responsible for the welfare and survival of the organisation.

Choose the correct option from the following :

(A) 1-(i), 2-(ii), 3-(iii)

- (B) 1-(iii), 2-(ii), 3-(i)
- (C) 1-(iii), 2-(i), 3-(ii)
- (D) 1-(ii), 2-(iii), 3-(i)
- 8. Which of the following statements is *not* highlighting the importance of financial planning :
 - (A) It helps in forecasting what may happen under different business situations.
 - (B) It helps in avoiding business shocks and surprises and helps the company in preparing for the future.
 - (C) It provides a link between investment and financing decisions on a continuous basis.
 - (D) Detailed plans of action prepared under financial planning increases waste, duplication of efforts and gaps in planning.

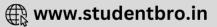
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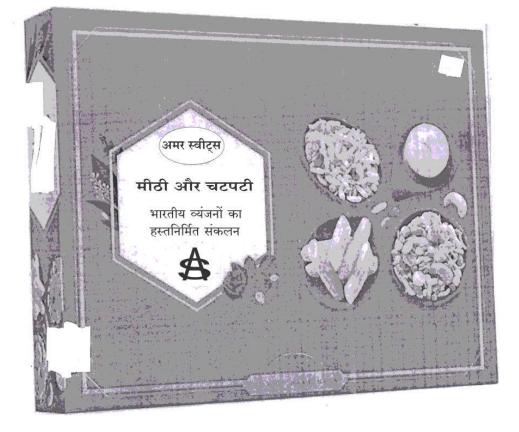
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- 9. निम्नलिखित में से उस एक की पहचान कीजिए जो शेयर बाज़ार का कार्य *नहीं* है :
 - (A) विद्यमान प्रतिभूतियों को द्रवता एवं विक्रेयता उपलब्ध कराना
 - (B) इक्विटी संप्रदाय का प्रसार करना
 - (C) लेन-देन की सुरक्षा सुनिश्चित करना
 - (D) यह सुनिश्चित करना कि यहाँ सट्टेबाज़ी के लिए कोई अवसर उपलब्ध नहीं है
- 10. निम्नलिखित में से पहचानिए कि दिए गए चित्र में क्या दर्शाया गया है :



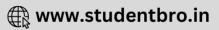
- (A) केवल ट्रेड मार्क (B) केवल ब्राण्ड नाम
- (C) केवल ब्राण्ड मार्क (D) ब्राण्ड नाम तथा ब्राण्ड मार्क दोनों
- 11. कार्यबल में महिलाओं की बढ़ती हुई उपस्थिति के कारण 'किसान मार्ट' प्रत्येक शुक्रवार को ऑफिस जाने वाली महिलाओं को सप्ताह के अंत में दैनिक उपयोग की वस्तुओं की खरीददारी के प्रति आकर्षित करने के लिए अत्यधिक छूट वाले प्रस्ताव लाता है। उपर्युक्त स्थिति में व्यावसायिक पर्यावरण के किस आयाम पर प्रकाश डाला गया है ?
 - (A) सामाजिक पर्यावरण (B) विधिक पर्यावरण
 - (C) राजनैतिक पर्यावरण

- (B) विधिक पर्यावरण(D) प्रौद्योगिकीय पर्यावरण
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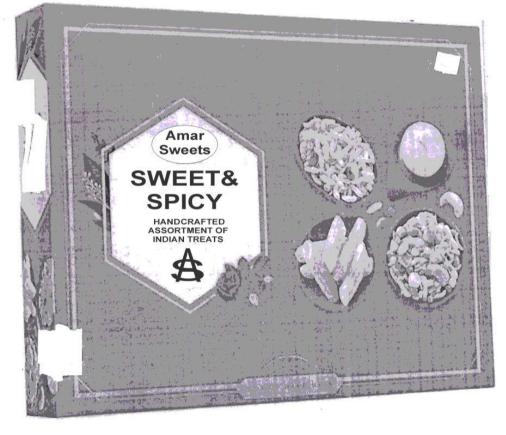
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- **9.** From the following, identify the one which is *not* a function of stock exchange :
 - (A) Providing liquidity and marketability to existing securities
 - (B) Spreading of equity cult
 - (C) Ensuring safety of transactions
 - (D) Ensuring that there is no scope for speculation
- **10.** Identify from the following what is depicted in the given picture :



- (A) Trade Mark only
 - $(B) \quad Brand \ Name \ only$
- (C) Brand Mark only (D) Both Brand Name and Brand Mark
- 11. Due to increasing presence of women in the workforce, 'Kisan Mart' comes out every Friday with big discount offers on daily use items to attract office-going women to shop on weekends.

Which dimension of business environment is being highlighted in the above case ?

- (A) Social environment (B) Legal environment
- (C) Political environment (D) Technological environment

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12. कथन I: वित्तीय प्रबंध का उद्देश्य अंशधारियों की धन-सम्पदा में अधिकतम वृद्धि करना है।

कथन II : यदि बाज़ार में अंशों का मूल्य बढ़ता है, तो अंशधारियों को लाभ होता है । निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :

(A) कथन I सत्य है तथा कथन II असत्य है ।

- (B) कथन II सत्य है तथा कथन I असत्य है।
- (C) दोनों कथन सत्य हैं।
- (D) दोनों कथन असत्य हैं।
- 13. 'पनमोल डेयरी' ने घी बनाने की पर्यावरण-हितैषी 'बिलोना' विधि का प्रयोग आरम्भ किया है, जबकि अन्य डेयरियाँ मशीनों एवं रसायनों को सम्मिलित कर आधुनिक विधियों का उपयोग कर रही हैं । ऐसा करके 'पनमोल डेयरी' ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के सैकड़ों अनपढ़ लोगों को रोज़गार प्रदान कर रही है ।

'पनमोल डेयरी' प्रबन्ध के किस उद्देश्य को प्राप्त करना चाह रही है :

- (A) राष्ट्रीय उद्देश्य (B) व्यक्तिगत उद्देश्य
- (C) सामाजिक उद्देश्य (D) आर्थिक उद्देश्य
- 14. भारत में कानूनी ढाँचे के अनुसार यह आवश्यक है कि निर्माता उत्पाद के लेबल पर उत्पाद के घटक, निर्माण तिथि, मात्रा, मूल्य, उपयोग के लिए दिशा-निर्देश आदि के बारे में सूचना प्रदान करें ।

निम्नलिखित में से उस उपभोक्ता अधिकार की पहचान कीजिए जिसे फ़र्म इस आवश्यकता की पूर्ति से संतुष्ट करती है :

- (A) सुरक्षा का अधिकार
- (B) सूचना का अधिकार
- (C) आश्वस्त होने का अधिकार
- (D) शिकायत का अधिकार

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- **12.** Statement I: The objective of financial management is to maximize shareholders' wealth.
 - Statement II : The shareholders gain if the value of shares in the market increases.

Choose the correct option from the following :

- (A) Statement I is true and Statement II is false.
- (B) Statement II is true and Statement I is false.
- (C) Both the Statements are true.
- (D) Both the Statements are false.
- 13. 'Panmol Dairy' started using environment-friendly 'Bilona' method of making ghee, unlike other dairies which were using modern methods involving machines and chemicals. By doing this, 'Panmol Dairy' is providing employment to hundreds of illiterate people in the rural areas. Which objective of management is 'Panmol Dairy' trying to achieve :
 - (A) National objective (B) Personal objective
 - (C) Social objective (D) Economic objective
- 14. The legal framework in India requires the manufacturers to provide information about ingredients, date of manufacture, quantity, price, directions for use, etc., on the label of the product.

From the following, identify the consumer right that is satisfied by the firm by fulfilling the requirement :

- (A) Right to safety
- (B) Right to be informed
- (C) Right to be assured
- (D) Right to be heard

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15. 'मुद्रो इन्फ्राटैक' को एक बड़ी राशि के लाभ की संभावना के साथ दस माह में दो बड़े घर बनाने का एक लघु-अवधि अनुबन्ध प्राप्त हुआ । कार्य प्रबंधक ने इस चुनौती को स्वीकार किया और दी गई समय अवधि में कार्य पूरा कर दिया । इस अस्थाई आदेश के कारण कम्पनी का लाभ 40% बढ़ गया । वित्तीय प्रबंधक इस बात से अवगत था कि निकट भविष्य में कम्पनी इतना अधिक लाभ अर्जित नहीं कर सकेगी । अत: उसने निर्णय लिया कि वह प्रति अंश लाभांश में वृद्धि नहीं करेगा क्योंकि कम्पनी के इस वर्ष के लाभ में तो वृद्धि हुई है लेकिन कम्पनी की आय-अर्जन संभावना में वृद्धि नहीं हुई है । वह यह भी जानता था कि आय में यह वृद्धि अस्थाई प्रकृति की थी ।

उपर्युक्त में लाभांश निर्णय को प्रभावित करने वाले जिस घटक पर प्रकाश डाला गया है, वह है :

- (A) रोकड़ प्रवाह स्थिति
- (B) अंशधारियों की प्राथमिकता
- (C) संवृद्धि सुयोग
- (D) लाभांश का स्थायित्व
- 16. नियति मानसरोवर गार्डन के एक विद्यालय में अध्यापिका के रूप में कार्यरत है । वह विद्यालय में बच्चों को सदैव यह बताती है कि वातावरण को प्रदूषित न करें, एवं चिप्स एवं चॉकलेट के रैपर्स को इधर-उधर न फेंकें । वह सदैव अपने साथ एक थैला रखती है और उसमें रैपर्स को इकट्ठा करती है और उन्हें कूड़ेदान में डाल देती है ।

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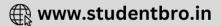
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ऐसा करके वह उपभोक्ता के किस उत्तरदायित्व का निर्वहन कर रही है :

- (A) लेबल को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ना
- (B) यह सुनिश्चित करना कि एक संतोषजनक सौदा प्राप्त हो
- (C) पर्यावरण का सम्मान करना
- (D) लेन-देन में ईमानदार रहना

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15. 'Mudro Infratech' got a short-term contract for building two villas within a period of ten months with the expectation to earn a huge amount of profit. The Works Manager accepted this challenge and completed the work within the given time period. The profit of the company went up by 40% due to this temporary order. The Finance Manager was aware that the company would not earn this huge profit in the near future. So, he decided not to increase dividend per share as earnings for the year had gone up, but not the earning potential of the company. He also knew that this increase in earnings was temporary in nature.

The factor affecting Dividend Decision being highlighted above is :

- (A) Cash flow position
- (B) Shareholders' preference
- (C) Growth opportunities
- (D) Stability of dividends
- 16. Niyati is working as a teacher in a school in Mansarovar Garden. She always tells the children at the school not to pollute the environment, and not to throw wrappers of chips and chocolates here and there. She always carries a bag with her to collect the wrappers and put them in the dustbin.

By doing this, which responsibility of a consumer is she discharging :

- (A) Reading labels carefully
- (B) Asserting to get a fair deal
- (C) Respecting the environment
- (D) Being honest in the dealings

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17. कथन I: नेतृत्व एक व्यक्ति की उस योग्यता की ओर संकेत करता है जिससे वह अन्य व्यक्तियों के व्यवहार को प्रभावित करता है।

कथन II : नेतृत्व का प्रयोग नेता द्वारा व्यक्तिगत उद्देश्यों की प्राप्ति के लिए किया जाता है। निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :

- (A) कथन I सत्य है तथा कथन II असत्य है ।
- (B) कथन II सत्य है तथा कथन I असत्य है।
- (C) दोनों कथन सत्य हैं।
- (D) दोनों कथन असत्य हैं।
- 18. अधिकांश संगठनों ने आजकल अपने-आप को बदलते हुए पर्यावरण के अनुरूप अनुकूलित कर लिया है । अपने लक्षित उपभोक्ताओं तक पहुँचने तथा उनके साथ जुड़े रहने के लिए उन्होंने सोशल मीडिया जैसे फेसबुक, इंस्टाग्राम आदि पर अपनी मजबूत उपस्थिति आरम्भ कर दी है ।

निम्नलिखित में से प्रबन्ध की जिस विशेषता पर प्रकाश डाला गया है, उसे पहचानिए :

- (A) प्रबन्ध एक सामूहिक क्रिया है ।
- (B) प्रबन्ध एक निरन्तर चलने वाली प्रक्रिया है।
- (C) प्रबन्ध बहुआयामी है ।
- (D) प्रबन्ध एक गतिशील कार्य है।

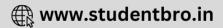
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- **17.** *Statement I* : Leadership indicates the ability of an individual which influences the behaviour of others.
 - Statement II: Leadership is exercised to achieve personal goals of the leader.

Choose the correct option from the following :

- (A) Statement I is true and Statement II is false.
- (B) Statement II is true and Statement I is false.
- (C) Both the Statements are true.
- (D) Both the Statements are false.
- 18. Most of the organizations these days have adapted themselves to changing environment. To reach and engage with the target customers, they started to have a strong presence on social media like Facebook, Instagram, etc.

From the following, identify the feature of management being highlighted :

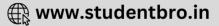
- (A) Management is a group activity.
- (B) Management is a continuous process.
- (C) Management is multidimensional.
- (D) Management is a dynamic function.

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19. विश्वविद्यालय में अध्ययन करते समय रौनक ने अनुभव किया कि छात्रों को चौबीसों घंटे जलपान उपलब्ध कराने के लिए विश्वविद्यालय परिसर में एक जलपानगृह होना चाहिए । महाविद्यालय से पास होने के पश्चात् उसने विश्वविद्यालय परिसर में 'हंगर पॉइंट' नाम के एक जलपानगृह की स्थापना बर्गर, पिज़्जा, स्ट्रीट फूड तथा और विभिन्न प्रकार के मेन्यू के साथ की । इसके लिए उसने विश्वविद्यालय प्रशासन से आवश्यक अनुमति प्राप्त की । क्योंकि ऐसे पर्यावरण में जहाँ छात्र दिन-रात अध्ययन करते हैं, वह पहला व्यक्ति था जिसने सभी छात्रों के लिए एक जलपानगृह की आवश्यकता को पहचाना, अतिशीघ्र यह एक लोकप्रिय जलपानगृह बन गया । छ: माह में 'हंगर पॉइंट' ने अच्छा लाभ अर्जित करना आरम्भ कर दिया ।

उपर्युक्त स्थिति में चर्चित व्यावसायिक पर्यावरण के महत्त्व के बिन्दु की पहचान कीजिए :

- (A) यह फ़र्म को अवसरों की पहचान करने एवं पहल करने के योग्य बनाता है।
- (B) यह फ़र्म को खतरों की पहचान एवं समय से पहले चेतावनी में सहायता करता है।
- (C) यह नियोजन एवं नीति निर्धारण में सहायता करता है।
- (D) यह निष्पादन में सुधार में सहायता करता है।
- 20. विमुद्रीकरण के सम्बन्ध में ग़लत कथन का चयन कीजिए :
 - (A) सम्पत्ति खरीदने को छोड़कर वैध मुद्रा के दो सर्वाधिक मूल्यवर्ग, ₹ 500 तथा
 ₹ 1000 के नोट तत्काल प्रभाव से विमुद्रित कर दिए गए ।
 - (B) इसका उद्देश्य भ्रष्टाचार तथा काले धन के संचय को रोकना था।
 - (C) इसके द्वारा कर प्रशासन ने बचतों को सही वित्तीय प्रणाली की तरफ आगे बढ़ाया।
 - (D) घरेलू मुद्रा की परिवर्तनीयता तथा बैंक जमा पर प्रतिबंध लगाए गए।
- 21. (क) शेयर बाज़ार की व्यापार प्रक्रिया में 'अनुबन्ध नोट' तथा 'T+2' प्रणाली का अर्थ समझाइए।

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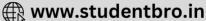
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 (ख) भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड के किन्हीं तीन नियामक कार्यों का उल्लेख कीजिए।

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19. Raunaq, while studying at the university, felt that there should be a food joint in the university campus to provide food to students round the clock. After passing out of college, he set up 'Hunger Point', a food joint with a varied menu ranging from burgers, pizzas, street food and much more, in the university campus. For this, he obtained necessary permissions from the university administration. Since he was the first one to recognize the need for a food joint for all the students in an environment where students study day and night, it soon became a popular eating joint. Within six months, 'Hunger Point' started earning good profits.

Identify the point of importance of business environment discussed in the above case :

- (A) It enables the firm to identify opportunities and get the first mover advantage.
- (B) It helps the firm to identify threats and early warning signals.
- (C) It helps in assisting in planning and policy formulation.
- (D) It helps in improving performance.
- **20.** Choose the *incorrect* statement with respect to demonetization :
 - (A) The two largest denomination notes of ₹ 500 and ₹ 1000 were demonetized with immediate effect, ceasing to be legal tender except for buying properties.
 - (B) The aim of this step was to curb corruption and accumulation of black money.
 - (C) It led to the tax administration channelizing savings into the formal financial system.
 - (D) Restrictions were placed on the convertibility of domestic money and bank deposits.
- **21.** (a) Give the meaning of 'Contract Note' and 'T+2' system in the trading procedure in a stock exchange.

OR

(b) State any three regulatory functions of Securities and Exchange Board of India.

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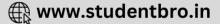
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22. अच्छी गुणवत्ता वाली वायु सेवाएँ प्रदान करने के लिए नीरज लिमिटेड ने एक विमान सेवा आरम्भ की । इसके लिए उसने दस वायुयान खरीदे । इसमें से दो विमानों का उपयोग विमान चालकों को प्रशिक्षण देने के लिए किया जाना था । इससे उड़ान से पहले उन्हें वायुयानों को वास्तविक रूप से कुशलतापूर्वक संभालने में सहायता मिलेगी ।

- (i) उपर्युक्त में चर्चित प्रशिक्षण विधि को पहचानिए एवं समझाइए ।
- (ii) इस प्रशिक्षण से विमान चालकों को प्राप्त होने वाले किन्हीं दो लाभों का उल्लेख कीजिए।
- 23. (क) सम्प्रेषण की किन्हीं तीन मनोवैज्ञानिक बाधाओं को समझाइए ।

अथवा

- (ख) 'निर्देशन संगठन के प्रभावपूर्ण एवं कुशल कार्यान्वयन में सहायता करता है।' इस कथन को किन्हीं तीन बिन्दुओं की सहायता से समझाइए।
- 24. नवप्रवर्तनशील जोश वाले दो महत्त्वाकांक्षी मित्रों सना तथा मिहिर जिन्हें नवप्रवर्तनशील सॉफ्टवेयर के एप्लीकेशन के सृजन का जुनून था, ने 'क्विक सॉल्यूशंस' नामक एक तकनीकी स्टार्टअप शुरू किया । उनके सॉफ्टवेयर का विकास इस प्रकार से किया गया था कि वह सभी वर्गों की आवश्यकताओं को पूरा कराता था । इसके आरम्भ से ही 'क्विक सॉल्यूशंस' लागत पूरी करने के लिए पर्याप्त आगम अर्जित कर रहा था । सुस्थापित तथा बड़ी कम्पनियों से उन्हें अनगिनत चुनौतियों का सामना करना पड़ा । परन्तु उन्होंने अपनी गलतियों से सीखा तथा लगातार अपने उत्पादों को सुधारा । बहुत शीघ्र ही उनके सॉफ्टवेयर को उसकी गुणवत्ता तथा विशिष्टता के लिए मान्यता प्राप्त हो गई तथा कम्पनी ने लाभ अर्जित करना शुरू कर दिया । उद्यम की लगातार सफलता सना तथा मिहिर के लिए एक बड़ा प्रेरक थी । दो वर्षों में उपभोक्ता आधार में कई गुना वृद्धि हो गई । अब सना तथा मिहिर ने अतिरिक्त पूँजी निवेश करने का निर्णय किया तथा अतिरिक्त कर्मचारियों की नियुक्ति की । उन्होंने अनुसंधान तथा अधिक विकास के लिए निवेश किया तथा उभरती बाज़ार माँग को पूरा करने के लिए उन्होंने अपनी उत्पादा कि या आप जितिरक्त कर्मचारियों की नियुक्ति की । उन्होंने अनुसंधान तथा अधिक विकास के लिए निवेश किया तथा अभरती बाज़ार माँग को पूरा करने के लिए उन्होंने अपनी उत्पाद लाइन का विस्तार किया । सना तथा मिहिर के अथक प्रयासों के कारण 'क्विक सॉल्यूशंस'अन्तत: इंडस्ट्री लीडर बन गया ।

पंक्तियाँ उद्धृत करते हुए उपर्युक्त स्थिति में चर्चित प्रबन्ध के उद्देश्यों की पहचान कीजिए तथा उनका उल्लेख कीजिए जिन्हें 'क्विक सॉल्यूशंस' प्राप्त करना चाहता था।

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- 22. Neeraj Ltd. started an airline to provide good quality air services. For the same, he purchased ten aircrafts. Out of these, two aircrafts would be used to train the pilots. It will help them to achieve proficiency in handling the aircrafts before they would actually fly them.
 - (i) Identify and explain the method of training discussed above.
 - (ii) State any two advantages the pilots would get from this training.
- **23.** (a) Explain any three psychological barriers to communication.

OR

- (b) 'Directing helps in effective and efficient functioning of the organization.' Explain this statement by giving any three points.
- 24. Two ambitious friends, Sana and Mihir, having passion for creating innovative software applications, established a tech startup named 'Quick Solutions'. Their software was developed in such a way that it caters to the needs of all sections. Since its inception, 'Quick Solutions' was earning enough revenue to cover the costs. They faced countless challenges from competing with large and well-established companies. But they learned from their mistakes and continuously improved their product. Slowly, their software gained recognition for its quality and uniqueness and the company started making profits. It was a big incentive for Sana and Mihir for the continued successful operation of the enterprise. Within two years, the customer base increased manifold. Now, Sana and Mihir decided to make additional capital investment and hired more employees. They invested in research and development and expanded their product line to meet emerging market demands. 'Quick Solutions' ultimately became the industry leader because of the tireless efforts of Sana and Mihir.

Quoting lines, identify and state the objectives of management discussed in the above case which 'Quick Solutions' seeks to achieve.

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- 25. (क) विपणन के निम्नलिखित कार्यों को समझाइए :
 - (i) प्रमापीकरण एवं ग्रेड तय करना
 - (ii) परिवहन

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- (ख) वस्तुओं की उनके उत्पादन स्थल से वितरण स्थल तक रख-रखाव एवं आवाजाही में सम्मिलित किन्हीं दो घटकों को समझाइए ।
- 26. 'लेनो' एक प्रसिद्ध कार निर्माता कम्पनी है जो अक्टूबर 2024 में अपने 75 वर्ष पूरे करने जा रही है । कम्पनी के मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी ने कम्पनी को ऊँचे स्तर पर ले जाने का निर्णय लिया है । इसके लिए उसने कम्पनी के सभी विभागीय प्रमुखों की एक बैठक बुलाई । बैठक में कम्पनी के मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी ने प्लैटिनम जयंती वर्ष में विक्रय को 10% तथा लाभों को 20% तक बढ़ाने का लक्ष्य प्रस्तावित किया । मानव संसाधन प्रबन्धक ने अनुमान लगाया कि इस लक्ष्य को प्राप्त करने के लिए 500 कर्मचारियों की वृद्धि करने की आवश्यकता होगी । वित्तीय प्रबन्धक ने सुझाव दिया कि कम्पनी को विभिन्न उद्देश्यों के लिए पर्याप्त मात्रा में रोकड़ शेष रखना होगा तथा वह अनुमानित रोकड़ अन्तर्वाह तथा बहिर्वाह का अनुमान दर्शाते हुए इस अवधि के लिए एक विवरण तैयार करेगा ।

उपर्युक्त स्थिति में चर्चित दो प्रकार की योजनाओं को पहचानिए एवं समझाइए ।

27. (क) प्रबन्ध के 'नियोजन' कार्य के महत्त्व के किन्हीं चार बिंदुओं को समझाइए। 4

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- (ख) प्रबन्ध के 'संगठन' कार्य की प्रक्रिया के चरणों को समझाइए। 4
- 28. जब उपभोक्ता अदालत शिकायत की यथार्थता से संतुष्ट है तब विरोधी पक्ष को निर्देशित की जा सकने वाली किन्हीं चार राहतों का उल्लेख कीजिए।

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- **25.** (a) Explain the following functions of marketing :
 - (i) Standardisation and Grading
 - (ii) Transportation

OR

- (b) Explain any two components included in physical handling and movement of goods from place of production to the place of distribution.
- 26. 'Leno' is a reputed car manufacturing company, which is going to complete its 75 years in October 2024. The Chief Executive Officer of the company decided to take the company to a higher level. For this he called a meeting of all departmental heads of the company. In the meeting, the Chief Executive Officer proposed a target to increase sales by 10% and profits by 20% in its Platinum Jubilee year.

The Human Resource Manager estimated that an increase of 500 workers would be required to achieve the target. The Finance Manager suggested that the company must hold adequate cash balances for various purposes, and he will prepare a statement showing the estimated cash inflows and outflows for this particular period.

Identify and explain two types of plans discussed in the above case.

27. (a) Explain any four points of importance of 'Planning' function of management.

OR

- (b) Explain the steps in the process of 'Organising' function of management.
- **28.** State any four reliefs that can be issued to the opposite party when the consumer court is satisfied about the genuineness of the complaint.

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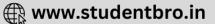
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29. आरुषि 'चिल्ड्रन्स डिलाइट' नामक किताबों की एक दुकान सफलतापूर्वक चला रही है, जो 5 से 15 वर्ष की आयु वर्ग के बच्चों की आवश्यकताओं को ध्यान में रखती है । उनके पास बच्चों की पुस्तकों की पूरी शृंखला, जैसे क्रियाकलाप पुस्तकें, रंग करने वाली पुस्तकें, काल्पनिक कहानियों की पूरतकें और बहुत कुछ है । पुस्तकें उच्च गुणवत्ता वाली हैं और विद्यालयों, अभिभावकों तथा बच्चों द्वारा इनकी बहुत अधिक प्रशंसा की जाती है । सम्पूर्ण भारत में इसकी 16 दुकानें हैं जहाँ से बच्चे न केवल इन पुस्तकों को खरीद सकते हैं, अपितु वहाँ आकर पुस्तकें पढ़ भी सकते हैं, प्रश्नोत्तरी प्रतियोगिता में भाग ले सकते हैं तथा पढ़ने के आनंद को अनुभव कर सकते हैं । इनका उचित रूप से प्रबंधित अपना सूची प्रबन्धन, संग्रहण तथा भंडारण है जिससे सम्पूर्ण भारत में सभी स्थानों पर पुस्तकों को पहुँचाया जाता है । किताबों की यह दुकान अपने लक्षित उपभोक्ताओं को नियमित रूप से पुस्तकों की उपलब्धता, इनकी विशेषताएँ, लाभों इत्यादि के बारे में सूचित करती रहती है तथा उन्हें पुस्तकें खरीदने के लिए तैयार करती है ।

उपर्युक्त स्थिति में पंक्तियों को उद्धृत करते हुए 'उत्पाद' के अतिरिक्त विपणन मिश्र के दो उल्लिखित तत्त्वों को पहचानिए एवं समझाइए ।

- 30. विभास ने हाल ही में 'बजंता एन्टरप्राइज़ेज़' के मानव संसाधन प्रबन्धक के रूप में पदभार संभाला है । कम्पनी ने एक विशेष परियोजना आरम्भ की जिसके लिए विभास ने बीस नए कर्मचारियों की नियुक्ति की । एक माह के कार्य पर प्रशिक्षण के पश्चात् तथा अपने पद पर कुछ समय कार्य करने के बाद अब आवश्यकता थी कि कुछ पूर्व-निर्धारित मानकों के अनुसार उनके निष्पादन का मूल्यांकन किया जाए । इतना ही नहीं, 'बजंता एन्टरप्राइज़ेज़' को अपने कर्मचारियों के आजीविका संबंधी मुद्दों तथा पदोन्नति के अवसरों का भी ध्यान रखना था । विभास अपने कर्मचारियों के दीर्घकालीन हितों की पूर्ति के लिए रूपरेखा बना रहा था । ऐसा करके 'बजंता एन्टरप्राइज़ेज़' ने नियुक्तिकरण प्रक्रिया के दो महत्त्वपूर्ण चरणों को पूरा किया था । इन चरणों को पहचानिए एवं समझाइए ।
- 31. (क) वैज्ञानिक प्रबन्ध के निम्नलिखित सिद्धान्तों को समझाइए :
 - (i) विज्ञान पद्धति न कि अँगूठा टेक नियम
 - (ii) सहयोग, न कि व्यक्तिवाद
 - (iii) प्रत्येक व्यक्ति का उसकी अधिकाधिक क्षमता एवं समृद्धि के लिए विकास
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29. Arushi successfully runs a bookstore 'Children's Delight' catering to children of the age group of 5 – 15 years. They have the complete range of children's books like activity books, colouring books, fiction and much more. The books are of good quality and are highly appreciated by schools, parents and children. They have 16 stores all over India, where children can not only purchase the books, but can also come and read, and participate in quiz competitions and experience the joy of reading. They have their own well-managed inventory management, storage, and warehousing to deliver books to locations all over India. The bookstore regularly communicates the availability, features, merits, etc. of the books to target customers and persuades them to buy the books.

Quoting lines in the situation, identify and explain the two elements of marketing mix in addition to 'Product' highlighted in the above case.

- **30.** Vibhas recently joined as a Human Resource Manager of 'Bajanta Enterprises'. The company had embarked on a special project for which Vibhas had appointed twenty new employees. After the employees underwent on-the-job training for a month and had been on the job for some time, there was a need to evaluate their performance against certain pre-determined standards. Not only this, 'Bajanta Enterprises' had to address the career related issues and promotional avenues for their employees. Vibhas was designing activities to serve their employees' long-term interests. By doing this, 'Bajanta Enterprises' had completed the two important steps of staffing process. Identify and explain those steps.
- **31.** (a) Explain the following principles of Scientific Management :
 - (i) Science, Not Rule of Thumb
 - (ii) Cooperation, Not Individualism
 - (iii) Development of Each and Every Person to His/Her Greatest Efficiency and Prosperity



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- (ख) प्रबन्ध के सिद्धान्तों के महत्त्व के निम्नलिखित बिन्दुओं को समझाइए :
 - (i) प्रबन्धकों को वास्तविकता का उपयोगी सूक्ष्म ज्ञान प्रदान करना
 - (ii) बदलती पर्यावरण की आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करना
 - (iii) वैज्ञानिक निर्णय

32. (क) एक कम्पनी की कार्यशील पूँजी आवश्यकता को प्रभावित करने वाले निम्नलिखित घटकों को समझाइए :

- (i) प्रतियोगिता का स्तर
- (ii) उत्पादन चक्र
- (iii) संचालन का स्तर

अथवा

- (ख) एक कम्पनी के लाभांश निर्णय को प्रभावित करने वाले निम्नलिखित घटकों को समझाइए :
 - (i) करारोपण नीति
 - (ii) पूँजी बाज़ार तक पहुँच
 - (iii) संविदात्मक प्रतिबंध
- 33. 'रयूटन लिमिटेड' एक लोकप्रिय कंप्यूटर सॉफ्टवेयर कम्पनी संपूर्ण भारत में अपने अतिविशिष्ट सॉफ्टवेयर प्रदान करती है । कम्पनी का विक्रय (आवर्त) बहुत अधिक था जिसके परिणामस्वरूप अच्छे लाभ हो रहे थे । मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी, विहान बहुत सख्त था तथा अनुशासन प्रिय था । उसने संगठन के लक्ष्यों को पूरा करने के लिए अधिकार एवं उत्तरदायित्व का निर्धारण किया । सभी गतिविधियों में व्यवस्थित समन्वय था तथा विभिन्न कार्य पदों में विशिष्ट संबंध था । कम्पनी ने अपने कर्मचारियों के लिए जलपानगृह, जिम, पुस्तकालय, संगीत कक्ष तथा विश्राम क्षेत्र की सुविधाएँ प्रदान की हुई थीं, जिनका उपयोग वे विश्राम काल के समय कर सकते थे । इन सुविधाओं का उपयोग करते हुए कर्मचारियों में मित्रता विकसित हुई तथा वे न केवल व्यक्तिगत, सामाजिक तथा भावनात्मक मुद्दों पर चर्चा करते थे परन्तु अधिकारिक मुद्दों पर भी ।

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- (b) Explain the following points of significance of principles of management :
 - (i) Providing managers with useful insights into reality
 - (ii) Meeting changing environment requirements
 - (iii) Scientific decisions
- **32.** (a) Explain the following factors affecting the working capital requirement of a company :
 - (i) Level of competition
 - (ii) Production cycle
 - (iii) Scale of operations

OR

- (b) Explain the following factors affecting dividend decision of a company:
 - (i) Taxation policy
 - (ii) Access to capital market
 - (iii) Contractual constraints
- **33.** 'Rewton Ltd.' was a reputed computer software company providing unique software all over India. The turnover of the company was very high resulting in good profits. The Chief Executive Officer, Vihaan, was very strict and disciplined. He specified the boundaries of authority and responsibility for achieving organizational goals. There was systematic coordination among the various activities and specific relationships among various job positions. The company provided facilities like a canteen, a gym, a library, a music room, and a rest area for its employees, which they could use during rest intervals. Using these facilities, the employees developed friendships and discussed not only their personal, social and emotional issues, but also the official ones.

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महाप्रबन्धक का दृष्टिकोण अलग था । उसने मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी को कहा कि कर्मचारियों को ये सुविधाएँ प्रदान करने की कोई आवश्यकता नहीं थी क्योंकि यह न केवल संगठन पर अतिरिक्त वित्तीय भार था अपितु यह गुटबंदी को भी बढ़ावा दे रहा था तथा संगठन में जब भी किसी बदलाव की आवश्यकता होती है, ये सभी इसका विरोध करते हैं । उसने सुझाव दिया कि उन्हें इन सुविधाओं को बन्द कर देना चाहिए । परन्तु मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी, विहान ने महाप्रबन्धक को समझाया कि इस प्रकार की सामाजिक अंत:क्रिया आवश्यक है और संगठन के सर्वोत्तम हित में थी । कार्यस्थल पर लोगों के मध्य ऐसी अंत:क्रियाएँ कर्मचारियों के मध्य सामाजिक संबंधों के एक जाल को उत्पन्न करता है तथा इसके बहुत लाभ हैं ।

- उस संगठन के प्रकार की पहचान कीजिए तथा समझाइए जिसकी उपस्थिति मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी ने आवश्यक अनुभव की ।
- (ii) उपर्युक्त (i) में पहचाने गए संगठन के प्रकार के किन्हीं दो लाभों तथा दो हानियों का उल्लेख कीजिए ।
- 34. निष्ठा दिल्ली के विभिन्न भागों में 'इंडियन किचन' नामक एक लोकप्रिय जलपानगृह की शृंखला का संचालन करती है । इस जलपानगृह शृंखला को अच्छी गुणवत्ता वाले खाने तथा त्वरित सेवा के लिए जाना जाता था । 'इंडियन किचन' अच्छी आगम पैदा कर रही थी तथा इसकी बाज़ार में ख्याति थी । निष्ठा साप्ताहिक आधार पर जलपानगृहों के सभी प्रबन्धकों से रिपोर्ट लेती थी तथा कोई समस्या होने पर उसका निदान करने के लिए आवश्यक कार्यवाही करती थी । एक जलपानगृह में निष्ठा ने अकस्मात् विक्रय में गिरावट का अनुभव किया । उसने जलपानगृह प्रबन्धक से यह प्रश्न किया तो उसने कहा कि जलपानगृह ग्राहकों की संख्या में धीरे-धीरे कमी देख रहा था परन्तु वह इसके लिए स्पष्ट रूप से समझा नहीं सका । अतः ग्राहकों में कमी के कारणों का पता लगाने के लिए निष्ठा ने एक टीम का गठन किया क्योंकि यह जलपानगृह व्यवसाय का मुख्य केन्द्र बिन्दु है तथा व्यवसाय की सफलता के लिए अत्यन्त महत्त्वपूर्ण है । ऐसा करके निष्ठा ने प्रबंध के एक कार्य की प्रक्रिया के एक चरण का निष्पादन किया ।
 - (i) उपर्युक्त में चर्चित प्रबंध के कार्य की पहचान कीजिए तथा इसे समझाइए ।
 - (ii) उपर्युक्त (i) में पहचान किए गए कार्य के चरण को समझाइए जिसका निष्ठा ने आगम
 में कमी के कारणों के कारणों का पता लगाने के लिए पालन किया ।
 - (iii) आगम में कमी के कारणों का पता लगाने वाली टीम से रिपोर्ट प्राप्त करने के पश्चात् निष्ठा द्वारा लिए जाने वाला अगला चरण समझाइए।

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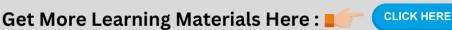
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The General Manager was of a different view. He told the Chief Executive Officer that there was no use providing these facilities to the employees as it is an extra financial burden on the organization on one hand and on the other hand, it encourages groupism and whenever any change is required in the organization, they all resist. He suggested that they should do away with these facilities. But the Chief Executive Officer, Vihaan, explained to the General Manager that this type of social interaction is necessary, and is in the best interest of the organization. These interactions among people at work give rise to a network of social relationships among employees and have many benefits.

- (i) Identify and explain the type of organisation whose existence the Chief Executive Officer felt was necessary.
- (ii) State any two advantages and two disadvantages of the type of organization identified in (i) above.
- **34.** Nishtha runs a chain of famous restaurants, 'Indian Kitchen', in different parts of Delhi. The restaurant chain was known for good quality food and quick service. 'Indian Kitchen' was generating good revenue and had goodwill in the market. Nishtha would take a weekly report from all the Restaurant Managers and take necessary action to resolve the problems, if any. Nishtha noticed a sudden decline in sales in one of the restaurants. She questioned the Restaurant Manager who mentioned that the restaurant is seeing a gradual decrease in the number of customers, but could not provide a clear explanation for it. So, Nishtha formed a team to find out the causes of the declining customers as this is the key area for restaurant business and is critical to the success of business. By doing this, Nishtha is performing a step of the process of a function of management.
 - (i) Identify and explain the function of management discussed above.
 - (ii) Explain the step of the function identified in (i) above, followed by Nishtha to find out the causes of declining revenue.
 - (iii) Explain the step Nishtha will take after she gets the report from the team formed to find out the causes of declining revenue.

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Strictly Confidential: (For Internal and Restricted Use Only) Senior School Certificate Examination March -----2024 Marking Scheme---Business Studies (054) Paper code- 66/3/3

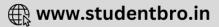
General Instructions:

8	If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin
	awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
7	If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks
_	mistake which evaluators are committing.
	impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common
	be marked. Evaluators will not put right (\checkmark) while evaluating which gives an
6	Evaluators will mark($$) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X"
	marking of individual evaluators.
	evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the
	instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for
	evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should
5	The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each
	marks should be awarded accordingly.
	The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due
•	These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer.
4	The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers
	marking scheme but correct competency is enumerated by the candidate due marks should be awarded.
	questions, please try to understand given answer and even if reply is not from
	marks be awarded to them. In class -XII, while evaluating two competency based
	are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due
	evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or
	Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while
3	Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking
-	Paper/Website etc may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."
	policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News
	system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this
	leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination
2	the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its'
2	read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully. "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of
	profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must
	problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching
	•
	assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious

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9	If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more
1	marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra
	Question".
10	No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized
10	only once.
11	A full scale of marks 80 as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not
	hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
12	Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8
	hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer
	books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view
	of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in question paper.
13	Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the
	Examiner in the past:-
	• Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
	• Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
	• Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer.
	• Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
	• Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
	• Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
	• Wrong grand total.
	• Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same.
	 Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list. Answers marked as assumed, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the night tick
	• Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with
	the X for incorrect answer.)
	 Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks
	awarded.
14	While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it
	should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0)Marks
15	Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error
	detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the
	evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all
	concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and
	judiciously
16	The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the
18	"Guidelines for spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.
17	Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over
10	to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
18	The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on
	payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that
	evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the
	Marking Scheme
<u> </u>	

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1	 Q. To motivate its employees on one side, 'Harshita Pearls' rewards them with increase in pay, promotion, recognition, etc. whereas on the other side it stops increments, gives punishment, threatens employees so that they may act in a desired manner. Which feature of motivation is being highlighted in the above case ? (A) Motivation is a complex process. (B) Motivation is an internal feeling. (C) Motivation can be either positive or negative. 	
	(D) Motivation produces goal-directed behaviour.Ans. (C) Motivation can be either positive or negative.	1 Mark
2	 Q. 'Bonfast Cement Ltd.' supports 7 villages with housing facilities, schools, safe drinking water, health and hygiene. The company sends its employees to visit a nearby village every 15 days to provide support and to see whether the facilities provided are being implemented on ground. The objective which 'Bonfast Cement Ltd.' is trying to achieve is: (A) Personal objective (B) Social objective (C) Organizational objective 	
3	 Ans. (B) Social objective Q. 'Maslow's Need Hierarchy theory' is based on certain assumptions. Identify the incorrect statement with respect to these assumptions: (A) People's behaviour is based on their needs. (B) A satisfied need can no longer motivate a person. 	1 Mark
	 (C) People's needs are in a hierarchical order, starting from basic needs to higher level needs. (D) A person moves to lower level of need only when a higher-level need is satisfied. Ans. (D) A person moves to lower level of need only when a higher-level need is satisfied. 	1 Mark
4	Q is concerned with designing jobs that include greater variety of work content, require higher level of	

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	 knowledge and skill, and give workers more autonomy and providing them opportunity for personal growth and a meaningful work experience. (A) Job security (B) Perquisites (C) Employee recognition programme (D) Job enrichment 	
	Ans. (D) Job Enrichment	1 Mark
5	 Q. Read the following statements: Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct alternative from the options given below: Assertion (A): When the allocative function is performed well, scarce resources are allocated to those firms which have the highest productivity for the economy. Reason (R): Allocative function allocates or directs funds into their most productive investment opportunity. (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A). (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A). (C) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false. (D) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true. 	1 Maril
	Ans. (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).	1 Mark
6	Q. In the a securities account can be opened, all shares can be deposited in it. These can be withdrawn/sold at any time and instruction to deliver or receive shares on behalf of the investor can be given. (A) Primary market (B) Stock exchange (C) Bank (D) Depository	
	Ans. (D) Depository.	1 Mark
7	Q. Match the Levels of Management given in Column I with the functions performed at each level given in Column II:	

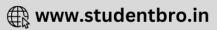
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		Column I		Column II	
	1	Top Level Management	(i)	They directly oversee the efforts of the workforce	
	2	Middle Level Management	(ii)	They ensure that their department has the necessary personnel	
	3	Operational Management	(iii)	They are responsible for the welfare and survival of the organisation.	
		Choose the correct option (A) 1-(i), 2-(ii), 3-(iii) (B) 1-(iii), 2-(ii), 3-(i) (C) 1-(iii), 2-(i), 3-(ii) (D) 1-(ii), 2-(iii), 3-(i)			
	An	s. (B) 1-(iii), 2-(ii), 3-(i)			1 Mark
8	Q	 Q. Which of the following statements is <i>not</i> highlighting the importance of financial planning: (A) It helps in forecasting what may happen under different business situations. (B) It helps in avoiding business shocks and surprises and helps the company in preparing for the future. (C) It provides a link between investment and financing decisions on a continuous basis. (D) Detailed plans of action prepared under financial planning increases waste, duplication of efforts and gaps in planning. 			
	Ar	ns. (D) Detailed plans of action planning increases w in planning.		pared under financial plication of efforts and gaps	1 Mark
9		From the following, identi of stock exchange: (A) Providing liquidity and securities		one which is not a function cetability to existing	

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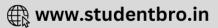




	 (B) Spreading of equity cult (C) Ensuring safety of transactions (D) Ensuring that there is no scope for speculation 	
	Ans. (D) Ensuring that there is no scope for speculation.	1 Mark
10	Q. Identify from the following what is depicted in the given picture: Image:	
	Ans. (D) Both Brand Name and Brand Mark.	1 Mark
11	 Q. Due to increasing presence of women in the workforce, Kisan Mart' comes out every Friday with big discount offers on daily use items to attract office-going women to shop on weekends. Which dimension of business environment is being highlighted in the above case? (A) Social environment (B) Legal environment (C) Political environment (D) Technological environment 	
	Ans. (A) Social environment	1 Mark
12	Q. Statement 1: The objective of financial management is to maximize shareholders' wealth. Statement II: The shareholders gain if the value of shares in the market increases.	

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	(C) Both the Statements are true.(D) Both the Statements are false.	
	Ans. (C) Both the Statements are true.	1 Mark
13	 Q. 'Panmol Dairy' started using environment-friendly 'Bilona' method of making ghee, unlike other dairies which were using modern methods involving machines and chemicals. By doing this, Panmol Dairy is providing employment to hundreds of illiterate people in the rural areas. Which objective of management is Panmol Dairy' trying to achieve: (A) National objective (B) Personal objective (C) Social objective (D) Economic objective 	
	Ans. (C) Social objective	1 Mark
14	 Q. The legal framework in India requires the manufacturers to provide information about ingredients, date of manufacture, quantity, price, directions for use, etc., on the label of the product. From the following, identify the consumer right that is satisfied by the firm by fulfilling the requirement: (A) Right to safety (B) Right to be informed (C) Right to be assured (D) Right to be heard 	
	Ans. (B) Right to be informed.	1 Mark
15	Q. 'Mudro Infratech' got a short-term contract for building two villas within a period of ten months with the expectation to earn a huge amount of profit. The Works Manager accepted this challenge and completed the work within the given time period. The profit of the company went up by 40% due to this temporary order. The Finance Manager was aware that the company would not earn this huge profit in the near future. So, he decided not to increase dividend per share as earnings for the year had gone up, but not the earning potential of the company. He	

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	 also knew that this increase in earnings was temporary in nature. The factor affecting Dividend Decision being highlighted above is: (A) Cash flow position (B) Shareholders' preference 	
	(C) Growth opportunities	
	(D) Stability of dividends	
	Ans.(D) Stability of dividends	1 Mark
16	 Q. Niyati is working as a teacher in a school in Mansarovar Garden. She always tells the children at the school not to pollute the environment, and not to throw wrappers of chips and chocolates here and there. She always carries a bag with her to collect the wrappers and put them in the dustbin. By doing this, which responsibility of a consumer is she discharging: (A) Reading labels carefully (B) Asserting to get a fair deal (C) Respecting the environment (D) Being honest in the dealings 	
	Ans. (C) Respecting the environment.	1 Mark
17	 Q. Statement 1: Leadership indicates the ability of an individual which influences the behaviour of others. Statement II: Leadership is exercised to achieve personal goals of the leader. Choose the correct option from the following: (A) Statement I is true and Statement II is false. (B) Statement II is true and Statement I is false. (C) Both the Statements are true. (D) Both the Statements are false. 	
	Ans. (A) Statement I is true and Statement II is false.	1 Mark
18	Q. Most of the organizations these days have adapted themselves to changing environment. To reach and engage with the target customers, they started to have a strong presence on social media like Facebook, Instagram, etc. From the following, identify the feature of management being highlighted:	

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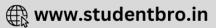




	 (A) Management is a group activity. (B) Management is a continuous process. (C) Management is multidimensional. (D) Management is a dynamic function. Ans. (D) Management is a dynamic function.	1 Mark
19	 Q. Raunaq, while studying at the university, felt that there should be a food joint in the university campus to provide food to students round the clock After passing out of college, he set up 'Hunger Point', a food joint with a varied menu ranging from burgers, pizzas, street food and much more, in the university campus. For this, he obtained necessary permissions from the university administration. Since he was the first one to recognize the need for a food joint for all the students in an environment where students study day and night, it soon became a popular eating joint. Within six months, 'Hunger Point' started earning good profits. Identify the point of importance of business environment discussed in the above case: (A) It enables the firm to identify opportunities and get the first mover advantage. (B) It helps the firm to identify threats and early warning signals. (C) It helps in assisting in planning and policy formulation. 	
	Ans. (A) It enables the firm to identify opportunities and get the first mover advantage.	1 Mark
20	 Q. Choose the incorrect statement with respect to demonetization: (A) The two largest denomination notes of ₹500 and ₹1,000 were demonetized with immediate effect, ceasing to be legal tender except for buying properties. (B) The aim of this step was to curb corruption and accumulation of black money. (C) It led to the tax administration channelizing savings into the formal financial system. (D) Restrictions were placed on the convertibility of domestic money and bank deposits. 	

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	Ans. (A) The two largest denomination notes of ₹500 and ₹1,000 were demonetized with immediate effect, ceasing to be legal tender except for buying properties.	1 Mark
21	(a) Q. Give the meaning of 'Contract Note' and "T+2' system in the trading procedure in a stock exchange.	
	Ans. (a) Contract Note	
	Contract note is a document that contains details of the number of shares bought or sold, the price, the date and time of deal and the brokerage charges along with a unique order code assigned to each transaction. After the trade has been executed, within 24 hours the broker issues a Contract Note.	
	 T+2 system All trading transactions are to be completed within 2 days delivery of shares and payment received from the buyer is on a T+2 basis, settlement period. Cash is paid or securities are delivered on pay-in day, which is before the T+2 day. On the T+2 day, the exchange will deliver the share or make payment to the other broker. This is called the pay-out day. 	1½ x2 = 3 Marks
	OR	
	(b) Q. State any three regulatory functions of Securities and Exchange Board of India.	
	 Ans. Regulatory Functions (any three) 1. Registration of brokers and sub brokers and other players in the market. 	
	 Registration of collective investment schemes and Mutual Funds. 	
	 Regulation of stockbrokers, portfolio exchanges, underwriters and merchant bankers and the business in stock exchanges and any other securities market. 	
	 4. Regulation of takeover bids by companies. 5. Calling for information by undertaking inspection, conducting enquiries and audits of stock exchanges and intermediaries. 6. Levying fee or other charges for carrying out the purposes of the 	
	Act.	

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	7. Performing and exercising such power under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act 1956, as may be delegated by the Government of India.	1x3 =3 Marks
22	 Q. Neeraj Ltd. started an airline to provide good quality air services. For the same, he purchased ten aircrafts. Out of these, two aircrafts would be used to train the pilots. It will help them to achieve proficiency in handling the aircrafts before they would actually fly them. (i) Identify and explain the method of training discussed above. (ii) State any two advantages the pilots would get from this training. 	
	 Ans. (i) Vestibule Training Employees learn their jobs on the equipment they will be using, but the training is conducted away from the actual work floor. This is usually done when employees are required to handle sophisticated machinery and equipment. (If the examinee has identified the method of training as <u>Off the</u> <u>Job</u> then only ½ mark has to be awarded) 	 1/2 mark for identification + 1/2 Mark for explanation = 1 Mark
	(ii) Advantages to the pilots (any two)	
	 (i) Improved skills and knowledge due to training lead to better career of the individual. 	
	 (ii) Increased performance by the individual <u>help him to earn</u> more. 	2 Marks
	 (iii) Training makes the employee more efficient to handle machines thus, <u>less prone to accidents.</u> 	1+2 = 3 Marks
	(iv) Training <u>increases the satisfaction and morale of</u> <u>employees.</u>	

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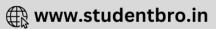


 explanation) 1) Premature evaluation 2) Lack of attention 3) Loss by transmission and poor retention 	heading + 1/2 mark for
2) Lack of attention3) Loss by transmission and poor retention	+ 1/2 mark for
3) Loss by transmission and poor retention	$\pm 1/2$ mark for
	explanation
4) Distrust	
f an examinee has not given the headings as above but has iven the correct explanation, full credit should be given).	1x3marks =3 Marks
OR	OR
b) 'Directing helps in effective and efficient functioning of the organization.' Explain this statement by giving any three points.	
 ns. Importance of directing (any three with explanation) <u>Directing helps to initiate action</u>: Directing helps to initiate action by people in the organisation towards attainment of desired objectives. 	
• <u>Directing integrates employees' efforts</u> : Directing integrates employees' efforts in the organisation in such a way that every individual effort contributes to the organisational performance. Thus, it ensures that the individuals work for organisational goals.	
• <u>Directing guides employees to fully realise their potential</u> : Directing guides employees to fully realise their potential and capabilities by motivating and providing effective leadership	
• <u>Directing facilitates introduction of needed changes in the</u> <u>organisation:</u> Effective directing through motivation, communication and leadership helps to reduce such resistance.	
Effective directing helps to bring stability: Effective directing	
helps to bring stability and balance in the organisation since it	
fosters cooperation and commitment among the people and	1x3 Marks
helps to achieve balance among various groups, activities and	= 3 Marks
the departments.	

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24	Q. Two ambitious friends, Sana and Mihir, having passion for creating innovative software applications, established a tech startup named 'Quick Solutions'. Their software was developed in such a way that it caters to the needs of all sections. Since its inception, 'Quick Solutions' was earning enough revenue to cover the costs. They faced countless challenges from competing with large and well-established companies. But they learned from their mistakes and continuously improved their product. Slowly, their software gained recognition for its quality and uniqueness and the company started making profits. It was a big incentive for Sana and Mihir for the continued successful operation of the enterprise. Within two years, the customer base increased manifold. Now, Sana and Mihir decided to make additional capital investment and hired more employees. They invested in research and development and expanded their product line to meet emerging market demands. 'Quick Solutions' ultimately became the industry leader because of the tireless efforts of Sana and Mihir. Quoting lines, identify and state the objectives of management discussed in the above case which 'Quick Solutions' seeks to achieve.	
	Ans. Organisational Objectives	
	 (i) Survival <i>Since its inception, 'Quick Solutions' was earning enough revenue to cover the costs'</i> The basic objective of any business is to ensure that it continues to survive and exist in the future. An organisation must earn enough revenue to cover the costs. 	
	 (ii) Profit 'Slowly, their software gained recognition for its quality and uniqueness and the company started making profits' Profit provides a vital incentive for the continued successful operation of the enterprise. Profit is essential for 	1/2 mark quoting an identificat

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OR	
'They invested in research and development and expanded their	
product line to meet emerging market demand'.	
• Management must exploit the growth potential of the	
organisation to remain in the industry which can be	
measured in terms of sales volume, increase in the number	1x3 =
of employees.	3 Marks
(a) Q. Explain the following functions of marketing:	
(i) Standardization and Grading	
(ii) Transportation	
Ans.	
(i) Standardisation and Grading	
• Standardisation refers to producing goods of predetermined	
specifications, which helps in achieving uniformity and	
consistency in the output.	
• Grading is the process of classification of products into	
different groups, on the basis of some of its important	
characteristics such as quality, size, etc.	
(ii) Transportation	
• Transportation involves physical movement of goods from one	
place to the other.	
• The users of products are widespread and geographically	
separated. So, transportation is required from the place where	2+2
they are produced to the place where they are consumed.	= 4 Marks
OR	
(b) Q. Explain any two components included in physical	
handling and movement of goods from place of	
production to the place of distribution.	
Ans.	1/ Marts for
Components included in physical handling and movement of goods	¹ / ₂ Mark for
from place of production to the place of distribution (any two with	heading +
explanation)	$1^{1/2}$ Marks for
1 Order Processing	
 Order Processing Transportation 	explanation
3. Warehousing	2x2=4 Mark
4. Inventory Control	$2\Lambda 2^{-7}$ ivial K
	1
(If an examinee has not given the heading as above but has	

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26	 Q. 'Leno' is a reputed car manufacturing company, which is going to complete its 75 years in October 2024. The Chief Executive Officer of the company decided to take the company to a higher level. For this he called a meeting of all departmental heads of the company. In the meeting, the Chief Executive Officer proposed a target to increase sales by 10% and profits by 20% in its Platinum Jubilee year. The Human Resource Manager estimated that an increase of 500 workers would be required to achieve the target. The Finance Manager suggested that the company must hold adequate cash balances for various purposes, and he will prepare a statement showing the cash inflows and outflows for this particular period. Identify and explain two types of plans discussed in the above case. 	
	Ans.	
	Two types of Plans are:	
27	 (i) Objectives Objectives, can be said to be the desired future position or the desired ends that the management would like to reach. Objectives are very basic to the organisation. They are usually set by top management of the organisation and focus on broad, general issues. Objectives need to be expressed in specific terms i.e., they should be measurable in quantitative terms, (ii) Budget A budget is a statement of expected results expressed in numerical terms quantifying future facts and figures. A budget is also a control device from which deviations can be taken care of. 	1 Mark for identification + 1 Marks for Explanation 2x2 = 4 Marks
27	(a) Q. Explain any four points of importance of 'Planning' function of management.	
	Ans.	
	Importance of Planning function of management: (any four with explanation)	¹ / ₂ Mark for
		heading
	 Planning provides direction. Planning reduces the risk of uncertainty. 	+ ½ Marks for
	 Planning reduces the fisk of uncertainty. Planning reduces overlapping and wasteful activities. 	Explanation
	4) Planning promotes innovative ideas.	=1x4 Marks

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5) Planning facilitates decision making.	
6) Planning establishes standards for controlling	4 Marks
(If an examinee has not given the heading as above but has given the correct explanation, full credit should be given.)	
OR	
(b) Q. Explain the steps in the process of 'Organising' function of management.Ans.	¹ / ₂ Mark for heading +
 Identification and division of work Departmentalisation Assignment of duties 	¹ / ₂ Marks for Explanation
4) Establishing authority and reporting relationships	1x4 Marks = 4 Marks
(If an examinee has not given the heading as above but has given the correct explanation, full credit should be given.)	
28 Q. State any four reliefs that can be issued to the opposite party when the consumer court is satisfied about the genuineness of the complaint.	
Ans. Reliefs to the opposite party. (any four)	
 To remove the defect in goods or deficiency in service. To replace the defective product with a new one, free from any defect. 	
3) To refund the price paid for the product, or the charges paid for the service.	
4) To pay a reasonable amount of compensation for any loss or injury suffered by the consumer due to the negligence of the opposite party.	
5) To pay punitive damages in appropriate circumstances.6) To discontinue the unfair/restrictive trade practice and not to repeat it in the future.	
 7) Not to offer hazardous goods for sale. 8) To withdraw the hazardous goods from sale. 9) To cease manufacture of hazardous goods and to desist from offering hazardous services. 	

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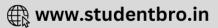




	 10) To pay any amount (not less than 5% of the value of the defective goods or deficient services provided), to be credited to the Consumer Welfare Fund or any other organisation/person, to be utilised in the prescribed manner. 11) To issue corrective advertisement to neutralise the effect of a misleading advertisement. 12) To pay adequate costs to the appropriate party 	1x 4 Marks = 4 Marks
29	Q. Arushi successfully runs a bookstore 'Children's Delight' catering to children of the age group 5-15 years. They have the complete range of children's books like activity books, colouring books, fiction and much more. The books are of 	
	Ans.	
	(i) Place 'They have 16 stores all over India'. OR 'They have their own well-managed inventory management, storage, and warehousing to deliver books to locations all over India'.	

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	 (ii) Promotion 'The bookstore regularly communicates the availability, features, merits, etc. of the books to target customers and persuades them to buy the books'. Promotion of products and services include activities that communicate availability, features, merits, etc., of the products to the target customers and persuade them to buy it. Most marketing organisations use number of tools such as advertising, personal selling and sales promotion techniques. 	 1/2 Mark for quoting + 1/2 Mark for identification + 1 Mark for explanation 2x2 Marks = 4 Marks
30	Q. Vibhas recently joined as a Human Resource Manager of Bajanta Enterprises'. The company had embarked on a special project for which Vibhas had appointed twenty new employees. After the employees underwent on-the-job training for a month and had been on the job for some time, there was a need to evaluate their performance against certain pre-determined standards. Not only this, 'Bajanta Enterprises' had to address the career related issues and promotional avenues for their employees. Vibhas was designing activities to serve their employees' long-term interests. By doing this, 'Bajanta Enterprises' had completed the two important steps of staffing process. Identify and explain those steps.	
	 Ans. Two steps of staffing: (i) Performance Appraisal Performance appraisal means evaluating an employee's current and/or past performance as against certain predetermined standards. The employee is expected to know what the standards are and the superior is to provide the employee feedback on his/her performance. (ii) Promotion and career planning Managers need to design activities to serve employees' long-term interests also and encourage employees to grow and realise their full potential. Promotions are an integral part of people's career where an employee is in position of increased responsibility. 	1 Mark for identification + 1 Mark for Explanation 2x2 Marks = 4 Marks

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31	(a) Q. Explain the following principles of Scientific Management:	
	(i) Science, Not Rule of Thumb (ii) Cooperation, Not Individualism (iii) Development of Each and Every Person to His/Her Greatest Efficiency and Prosperity	
	 Ans.(a) (i) Science, Not Rule of Thumb It states that there is only one best method to maximise efficiency. This method can be developed through scientific study and analysis of each element of a job and should substitute 'Rule of Thumb'. The standard method should be followed throughout the organisation. 	2 Marks
	 (ii) Cooperation, Not Individualism There should be complete cooperation between the labour and the management instead of individualism. Competition should be replaced by cooperation. Management should take workers into confidence before making any important decision. At the same time workers should avoid strikes and unreasonable demands. 	2 Marks
	 (iii) Development of Each and Every Person to His and Her Greatest Efficiency and Prosperity This principle is concerned with efficiency of employees which could be built in right from the process of employee selection. 	2 Marks
	 The work assigned to employees should suit their capabilities. They should be given the required training to increase their efficiency. Efficient employees would produce more and earn more. 	2+2+2 = 6 Marks OR
	 (b) Q. Explain the following points of significance of principles of management (i) Providing managers with useful insights into reality. (ii) Meeting changing environment requirements. (iii) Scientific decisions 	

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	 Ans (i) Providing managers with useful insights into reality Principles of management provide useful insights into reality by enabling the managers to learn from past mistakes and conserve time by solving recurring problems quickly. Adherence to the principles will add to their knowledge, ability and understanding of managerial situations and circumstances. 	2 Marks
	 (ii) Meeting changing environment requirements. The principles are in the nature of general guidelines but they are modified to help the managers meet changing requirements of the environment. Management principles are flexible to adapt to dynamic business environment. 	2 Marks
	 (iii) Scientific decisions Principles of management help in taking scientific decisions because the decisions based on principles are free from bias. They are based on the objective assessment of the situation. 	2 Marks 2+2+2 = 6 Marks
32	 (a) Q. Explain the following factors affecting the working capital requirement of a company: (i) Level of competition (ii) Production cycle (iii) Scale of operations 	
	 Ans. Level of competition An organisation facing tough competition need large amount of working capital to maintain larger inventories. Competition may also force the firm to extend liberal credit terms. 	2 Marks
	 Production Cycle It is the time span between the receipt of raw material and their conversion into finished goods. Any organisation having longer processing cycle needs larger amount of working capital as compared to the organisations having shorter processing cycles. 	2 Marks

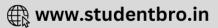
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	Scale of Operations	
	 Scale of Operations An organisation operating on a higher scale of operation requires larger amount of working capital as in this case the 	2 Marks
	 quantum of inventory and debtors is generally high. Such organisations require large amount of working capital as compared to the organisations which operate on a lower scale. 	2+2+2 = 6 Marks
	OR	OR
	 (b) Q. Explain the following factors affecting dividend decision of a company (i) Taxation policy (ii) Access to capital market (iii) Contractual constraints. 	
	 Ans (i) Taxation policy If the dividend distribution tax is levied on the companies is higher it would be better to declare less dividend and vice-versa. 	2 Marks
	(ii) Access to capital market A company having easy access to capital market is a better position to declare higher dividend and vice-versa.	2 Marks
	(iii) Contractual constraints Sometimes restrictions are imposed by the lenders on the payment of dividend in future and companies have to ensure that these restrictions are not violated.	2 Marks 2+2+2 = 6 Marks
33	Q. Rewton Ltd. was a reputed computer software company providing unique software all over India. The turnover of the company was very high resulting in good profits. The Chief Executive Officer, Vihaan, was very strict and disciplined. He specified the boundaries of authority and responsibility for achieving organizational goals. There was systematic coordination among the various activities and specific relationships among various job positions. The company provided facilities like a canteen, a gym, a library, a music room, and a rest area for its employees, which they could use during rest intervals. Using these facilities, the employees developed friendships and discussed not only	

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 their personal. social and emotional issues, but also the official ones. The General Manager was of a different view. He told the Chief Executive Officer that there was no use providing these facilities to the employees as it is an extra financial burden on the organization on one hand and on the other hand, it encourages groupism and whenever any change is required in the organization, they all resist. He suggested that they should do away with these facilities. But the Chief Executive Officer, Vihaan, explained to the General Manager that this type of social interaction is necessary, and is in the best interest of the organization. These interactions among people at work give rise to a network of social relationships among employees and have many benefits. (i) Identify and explain the type of organisation whose existence the Chief Executive Officer felt was necessary. (ii) State any two advantages and two disadvantages of the type of organization identified in (i) above. 	
Ans.	
(i) Informal Organisation It is a 'network of social relationships among employees'. It emerges from within the formal organisation when people interact beyond their officially defined roles.	1 Mark for identification +
 (ii) Advantages (any two) 1. As prescribed lines of communication are not followed, It leads to <u>faster spread</u> of information as well as quick feedback. 	1 Mark for Explanation + 2 Marks for Advantages
2. It helps to <u>fulfil the social needs of the members</u> and gives them a sense of belongingness in the organisation.	+
 It contributes towards fulfilment of organisational objectives by <u>compensating for inadequacies in</u> <u>the formal organisation</u>. 	
Disadvantages: (any two) 1. <u>An informal organisation spreads rumours and it becomes a</u> <u>destructive force.</u>	2 Marks for Disadvantages
2. <u>The management may not be successful in implementing</u> <u>changes</u> if the informal organisation opposes them.	

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	3. <u>It pressurises members to conform to group expectations</u> which may be against organisational interests.	= 6 Marks
34.	 Q. Nishtha runs a chain of famous restaurants, 'Indian Kitchen', in different parts of Delhi. The restaurant chain was known for good quality food and quick service. 'Indian Kitchen' was generating good revenue and had goodwill in the market. Nishtha would take a weekly report from all the Restaurant Managers and take necessary action to resolve the problems, if any. Nishtha noticed a sudden decline in sales in one of the restaurants. She questioned the Restaurant Manager who mentioned that the restaurant is seeing a gradual decrease in the number of customers but could not provide a clear explanation for it. So, Nishtha formed a team to find out the causes of the declining customers as this is the key area for restaurant business and is critical to the success of business. By doing this, Nishtha is performing a step of the process of a function of management. i) Identify and explain the function identified in (i) above, followed by Nishtha to find out the causes of declining revenue. ii) Explain the step Nishtha will take after she gets the report from the team formed to find out the causes of declining revenue. 	
	 Ans. (i) Controlling Controlling means ensuring that activities in an organisation are performed as per the plans. 	1 Mark for identification +
	(any other suitable meaning)	1 Mark for Explanation
	 (ii) Analysing Deviations: Some deviation in performance can be expected in all activities. Critical point control and management by exception should be used by a manager in this regard. 	+ 2 Marks +
	 <u>Critical Point Control</u> Control should, therefore, focus on key result areas (KRAs) which are critical to the success of an organization. If 	

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 anything goes wrong at the critical points, the entire organisation suffers. 2. <u>Management by Exception</u>: <u>An attempt to control everything results in controlling</u> 	
nothing.Thus, significant deviations which go beyond the permissible limits should be brought to the notice of management.However, in case of major deviation from the standard the matter has to receive immediate action of management on a 	
(iii) Taking Corrective Action: When the <u>deviations go beyond the acceptable range</u> , especially in the important areas, it demands immediate managerial attention so that deviations do not occur again and standards are accomplished.	2 Marks
	= 6 Marks

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